STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Alabama Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Alaska Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Not Enacted	Arizona Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southwest		
Not Enacted	Arkansas Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	California Food waste target – 50% reduction by 2020 and 75% by 2025, relative to 2014 levels. Food waste ban – The state requires commercial generators of organic waste to either compost or anaerobically digest organic waste. Establishing Policies • SB 1383 (2016) • California Title 14, Natural Resources–Division 7, Ch. 3.1, Articles 1-3, 5-9 (2016)	West		2016
Not Enacted	Colorado Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Enacted	Connecticut Food waste ban – The state requires commercial waste generators to recycle organic materials at authorized composting facilities, provided they generate at least 26 tons of food waste per year and are within 20 miles of a permitted recycling facility. Establishing Policies • Public Act 21-16 (2021)	Northeast		2021

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Delaware Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Florida Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Georgia Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Hawai‘i Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Idaho Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Enacted	Illinois Food waste ban – In counties with composting facilities, permanent large event facilities with a capacity of at least 3,500 people, such as convention centers and sports stadiums, must offer food and organic waste composting. Establishing Policies • SB 2876 (2025)	Midwest		2024
Not Enacted	Indiana Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Iowa Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Kansas Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Kentucky Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Louisiana Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Maine Food waste ban – The state requires businesses and institutions that generate the following amounts of food waste to divert food waste from landfills or incineration: - 2 tons of food waste per week and located within 20 miles of an organics recycler, between July 1, 2030 and June 30, 2032 - 1 ton of food waste per week and located within 25 miles of an organics recycler, starting July 1, 2032 The Department of Environmental Protection may adopt composting rules for any person or facility that generates "at a single location an annual average of less than one ton but greater than 100 pounds per week of food waste" or is located farther than 25 miles from an organics recycler, no sooner than July 1, 2035. Establishing Policies • LD 1065 (2025)	Northeast		2025
Enacted	Maryland Food waste ban – The state requires businesses and institutions that generate at least 1 ton of food waste per week and are within 30 miles of a composting facility to dispose of food residuals via composting or anaerobic digestion. Establishing Policies • Article II, Section 17(c) of the Maryland Constitution - Chapter 439 (2021) • Md. Code Ann. Env't §9–1724.1 (2022) • COMAR 26.04.13 (2023)	Southeast		2021

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Massachusetts Food waste ban – The state requires businesses and institutions that generate more than 0.5 tons of food waste per week to dispose of organic material via composting or anaerobic digestion. Establishing Policies • 310 CMR 19.017 (2014)	Northeast		2014
Not Enacted	Michigan Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Minnesota Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Mississippi Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Missouri Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Montana Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Not Enacted	Nebraska Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Nevada Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	New Hampshire Food waste ban – The state requires those who generate more than 1 ton of food waste per week are prohibited from disposing of that waste in a landfill if there is an alternative facility with capacity and authorization to manage food waste within 20 miles. Establishing Policies • HB 300 (2023)	Northeast		2023
Enacted	New Jersey Food waste ban – The state requires commercial waste generators to recycle organic materials at authorized food waste recycling facilities, provided they generate at least 52 tons of food waste per year and are within 25 miles of a permitted recycling facility. Establishing Policies • A 2371 (2020)	Northeast		2020
Not Enacted	New Mexico Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southwest		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	New York Food waste ban – The state requires food scraps generators to donate excess edible food for human consumption and shall dispose of remaining food scraps at an organic recycler, provided they generate at least 2 tons of food scraps per week and are within 25 miles of an organics recycler. Establishing Policies • Environmental Conservation (ENV) CHAPTER 43-B, ARTICLE 27, Title 22 (2019) • Food Donation And Food Scraps Recycling Law	Northeast		2019
Not Enacted	North Carolina Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	North Dakota Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Ohio Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Oklahoma Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southwest		
Not Enacted	Oregon Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Not Enacted	Pennsylvania Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Northeast		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Rhode Island Food waste ban – The state requires entities to recycle organic waste at authorized composting or anaerobic digestion facilities if they are within 15 miles of an authorized recycling facility, and generate the following amount of food waste per year: - Higher education and research institutions: at least 52 tons/year - Other educational entities: at least 30 tons/year - All other generators: at least 104 tons/year Establishing Policies • R.I. Gen. Laws Ann. § 23-18.9-17 (2014)	Northeast		2014
Not Enacted	South Carolina Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	South Dakota Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Tennessee Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Not Enacted	Texas Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southwest		
Not Enacted	Utah Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		
Enacted	Vermont Food waste ban – The state has banned the disposal of food scraps and yard waste at landfills, established separate trash collection processes for organic waste, and requires all food scraps to be diverted to certified recycling facilities, including from both residential and commercial sources. Establishing Policies • Act 148 (2012)	Northeast		2012

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Virginia Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		
Enacted	Washington Food waste target – 75% reduction by 2030, relative to 2015 levels. Food waste ban – The state requires businesses to compost if they produce more than 8 cubic yards of food waste by 2024, 4 cubic yards by 2025, and 96 gallons by 2026. By 2027, municipalities with over 25,000 residents are required to provide curbside composting Establishing Policies • HB 1799 (2022) • HB 2301 (2024) • HB 1497 (2025)	West		2022
Not Enacted	West Virginia Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Southeast		

STATUS	STATE	REGION	COMPONENTS	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Wisconsin Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Midwest		
Not Enacted	Wyoming Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	West		